



# education

Department of  
Education  
FREE STATE PROVINCE

**LEARNER NAME**  
**LEERDER SE NAAM**



**MATHEMATICS P2/**  
**WISKUNDE V2**

**GRADE/GRAAD 12**

**SEPTEMBER 2025**

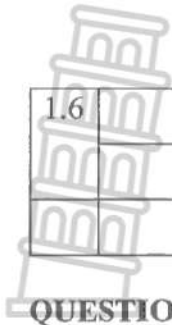
**SPECIAL ANSWER BOOK/**  
**SPESIALE ANTWOORDBOEK**

Question/Vraag	Marks/Punt	Initial/Paraaf	Mod.
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
<b>Total/Totaal</b>			

**This answer book consists of 24 pages.**  
**Hierdie antwoordboek bestaan uit 24 bladsye.**

**QUESTION/VRAAG 1**

	Solution/Oplissing	Marks/ Punte
1.1	<p>Science/ Wetenskap</p> <p>Mathematics/ Wiskunde</p> <p>MARKS/ PUNTE</p> <p>Stanmorephysics.com</p>	(2)
1.2		(1)
1.3		(2)
1.4		(2)
1.5		(2)

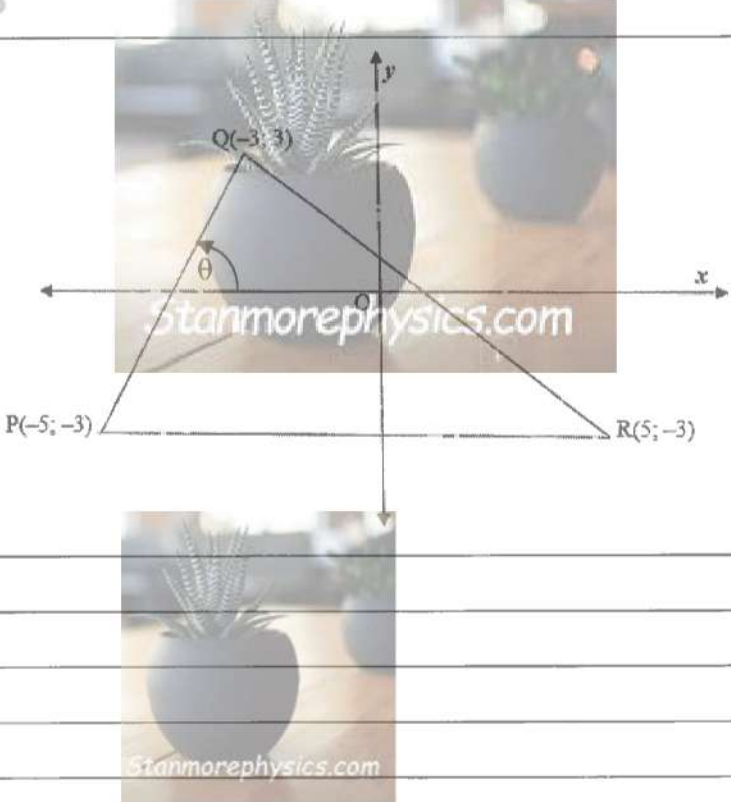





1.6		
		(1)
		[10]

**QUESTION/VRAAG 2**

	<b>Solution/Oplissing</b>	<b>Marks/Punte</b>
2.1		
		(1)
2.2		
		(2)
2.3		
		(2)
2.4		
		(2)
		[7]



QUESTION/VRAAG 3

	Solution/Oplissing	Marks/ Punte
3.1		(2)
3.2		(2)
3.3		(4)
3.4		(3)


3.5		(3)
3.6		(2)
3.7		(4)
		<b>[20]</b>



QUESTION/VRAAG 4



Solution/Oplissing	Marks/ Punte
4.1 <hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/> <hr/>	(4)
4.2 <hr/> <hr/>	(2)

	<b>Solution/Oplissing</b>	<b>Marks/ Punte</b>
4.3		
4.4	 stanmorephysics.com	(3)
4.5		(4)
		[17]

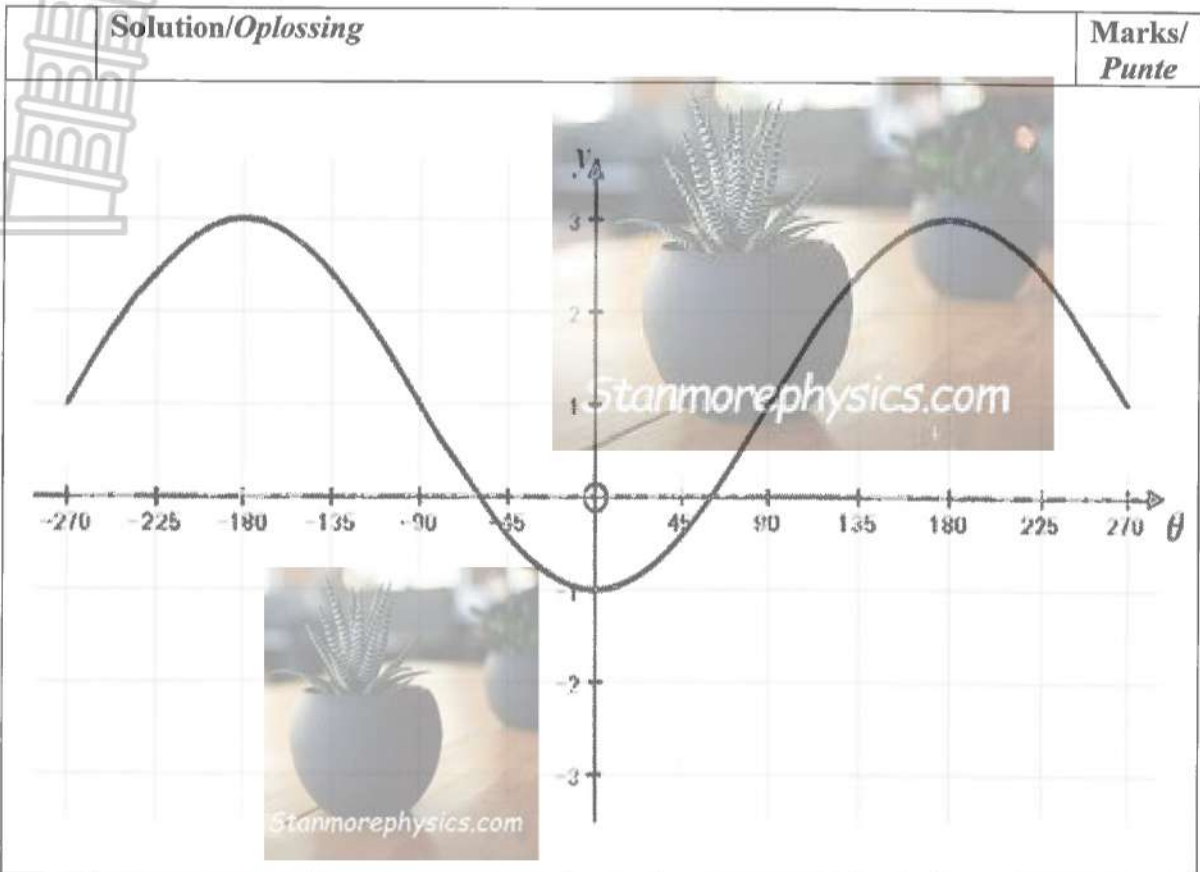
QUESTION/VRAAG 5

	Solution/Oplissing	Marks/ Punte
5.1.1	  Stanmorephysics.com	(4)
5.1.2		(6)




5.2		
5.3		(7)

5.4		
5.5.1		(3)
5.5.2		(3)
		(2)
		<b>[32]</b>

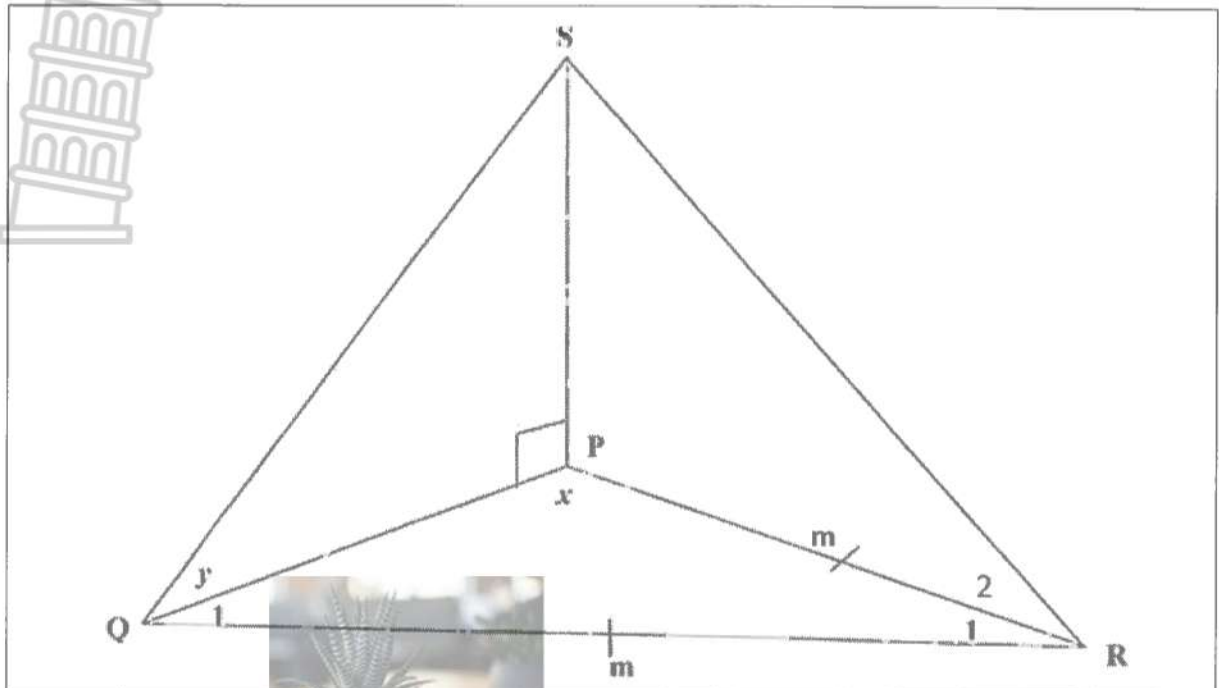
QUESTION/VRAAG 6




6.1		(1)
6.2		(1)

6.3		
6.4		(2)
6.5		(3)
		(3)
		<b>[10]</b>

QUESTION/VRAAG 7


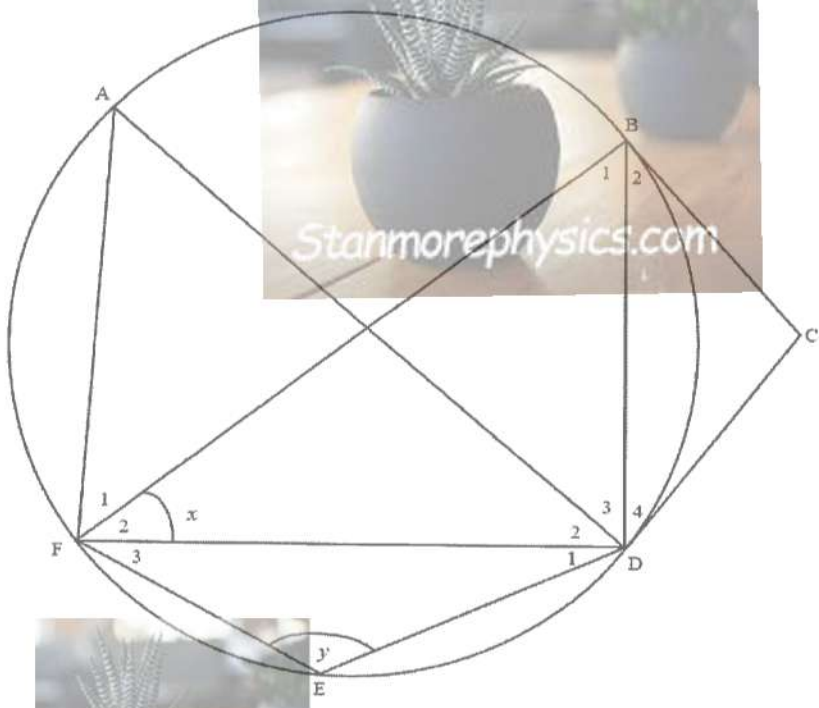
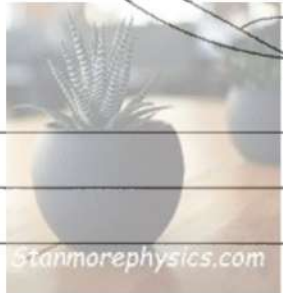


	Solution/Oplissing	Marks/Punte
7.1	<div style="text-align: center;">  </div>	(5)
7.2		(4)

7.3		
		(2)
		[11]



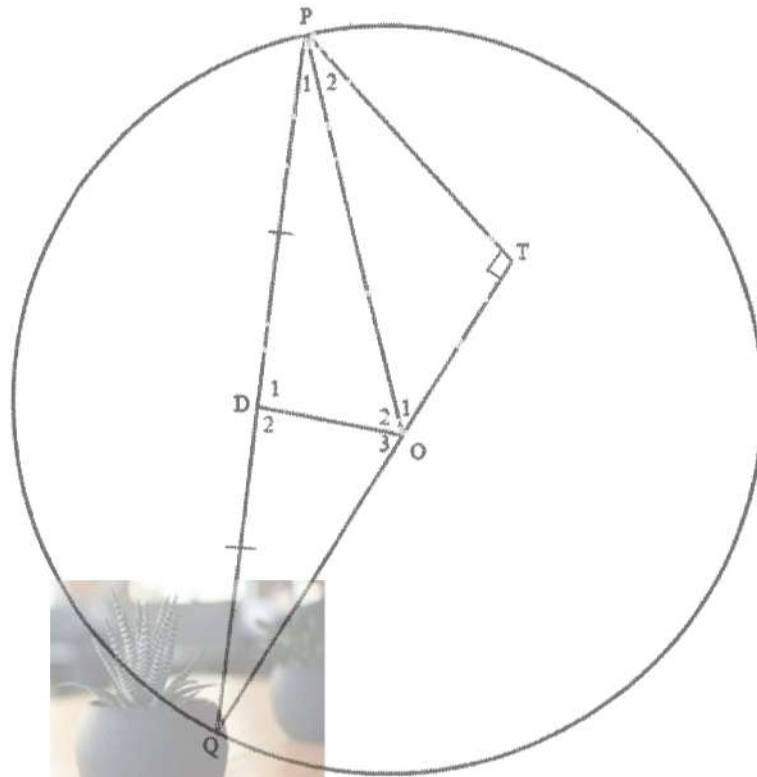


<p>8.2</p> 		
<p>8.2.1</p>		(2)
<p>8.2.2</p>		(2)
<p>8.2.3</p>		(2)
<p>8.2.4</p>		(2)
<p>8.2.5</p>		(2)
	<b>[16]</b>	





QUESTION 10





	Solution/Opllossing	Marks/Punte
10.1		(5)
10.2		



10.3		
		(4)
		(6)
	[15]	



Additional space/Bykomende spasie	
Solution/Oplissing	Marks/ Punte

Additional space/Bykomende spasie	Marks/ Punte
	
	

**Additional space/Bykomende spasie**



Stanmorephysics.com





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## **PREPARATORY EXAMINATION/ VOORBEREIDENDE EKSAMEN**

**GRADE/GRAAD 12**

**MATHEMATICS P2/  
WISKUNDE V2**

**SEPTEMBER 2025**

**MARKS/PUNTE: 150**

**MARKING GUIDELINES/  
NASIENRIGLYNE**

**These marking guidelines consist of 21 pages.  
Hierdie nasienriglyne bestaan uit 21 bladsye.**

**NOTE:**

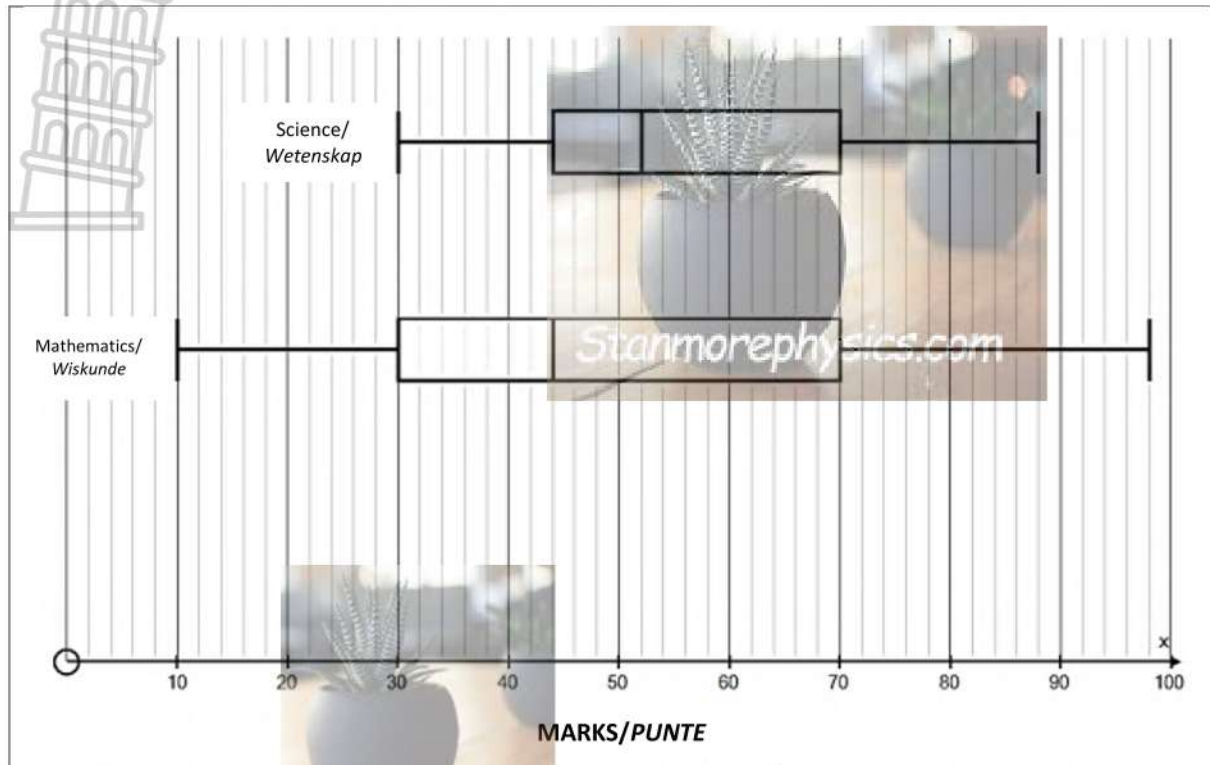
- If a candidate answers a question TWICE, only mark the FIRST attempt.
- If a candidate has crossed out an attempt of a question and not redone the question, mark the crossed-out version.
- Consistent accuracy applies in ALL aspects of the marking memorandum. Stop marking the second calculation error.
- Assuming answers/values to solve a problem is NOT acceptable.

**NOTA:**

- *As 'n kandidaat 'n vraag TWEE KEER beantwoord, merk slegs die EERSTE poging.*
- *As 'n kandidaat 'n antwoord van 'n vraag doodtrek en nie oordoen nie, merk die doodgetrekte poging.*
- *Volgehoue akkuraatheid word in ALLE aspekte van die nasienriglyne toegepas. Hou op nasien by die tweede berekeningsfout.*
- *Aanvaar van antwoorde/waardes om 'n probleem op te los, word NIE toegelaat nie.*



QUESTION/VRAAG 1



1.1	Range/Omvang : Highest – Lowest/ <i>Hoogste – Laagste</i> $= 98 - 10$ $= 88$	✓ substitution/ <i>vervanging</i> ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (2)
1.2	Median/ <i>Mediaan</i> = 52	✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (1) (Accept 51-53)
1.3	$IQR/IKV = Q_3 - Q_1$ $= 70 - 44$ $= 26$	✓ substitution/ <i>vervanging</i> ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (2) ( $Q_3$ – accept 69-71) ( $Q_1$ – accept 43-45) <b>CA the answer</b>
1.4	Science / <i>Wetenskap</i> . The median and minimum in Science is higher than Mathematics/ <i>Die mediaan en minimum vir Wetenskap is hoër as Wiskunde</i> .	✓ Science/ <i>Wetenskap</i> ✓ Reason/ <i>Rede</i> (2)
1.5	Mathematics/ <i>Wiskunde</i> . Range is 88% and the IQR is 40 compared to Science with Range of 58% and IQR of 26/ <i>Omvang is 88% en die IKO is 40 in vergelyking met Wetenskap wat 'n omvang van 58% 'n en IKO van 26 het</i> .	✓ Mathematics/ <i>Wiskunde</i> ✓ Reason/ <i>Rede</i> (2) (The reason can only be in terms of Range and IQR)
1.6	25% <b>or/of</b> 0,25	✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (1)
		<b>[10]</b>

**QUESTION/VRAAG 2**

2.1	Yes. It would strengthen the correlation coefficient/ <i>Ja. Dit sal die korrelasie koëffisient versterk</i>	✓ answer/antwoord (1)
2.2	Closer to negative one as the gradient is negative or the relationship is indirect./ <i>Nader na negatief een, want die gradiënt is negatief of die verwantskap is omgekeerd</i>	✓ answer/antwoord ✓ reason/rede (2)
2.3	No/Nee. The correlation is not equal to $-1$ ./ <i>Die korrelasie is nie gelyk aan <math>-1</math> nie.</i>	✓ answer/antwoord ✓ reason/rede (2)
2.4	He is saying that the value for $x$ is outside of the lowest and the highest values used to find the line of best fit so he cannot be sure if it is accurate./ <i>Hy sê die waarde van <math>x</math> is buite die laagste en hoogste waardes wat gebruik word om die aanpassing lyn te verkry, hy kan nie seker wees of dit akkuraat is nie.</i>	✓✓ reason/rede (2)
		<b>[7]</b>

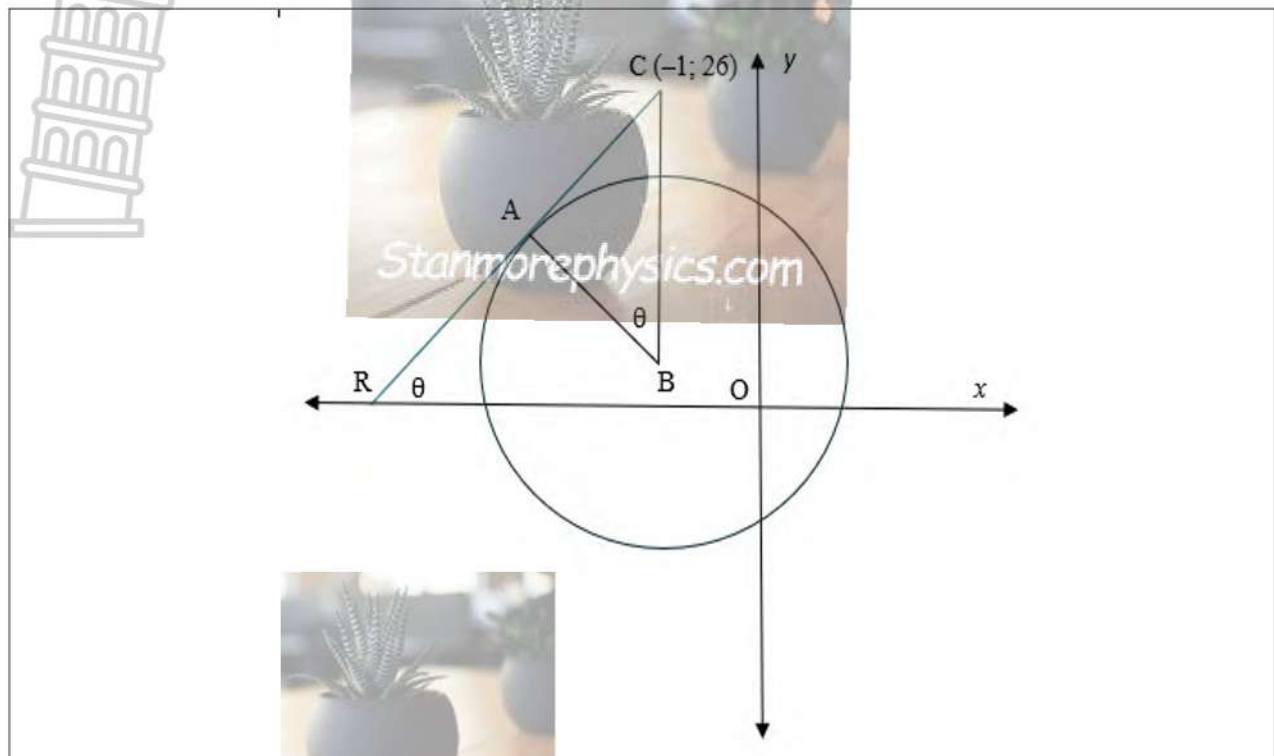


QUESTION/VRAAG 3

3.1	$QR = \sqrt{((5 - (-3))^2 + (-3 - 3)^2)}$ $= \sqrt{64 + 36}$ $= \sqrt{100}$ $= 10 \text{ units}$	✓ substitution/ <i>vervang</i>  ✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (2) (accept surd or simplified form)
3.2	$M = \left( \frac{-3 + 5}{2}; \frac{3 + (-3)}{2} \right)$ $= (1; 0)$	✓ x value/ <i>-waarde</i> ✓ y value/ <i>-waarde</i> (2)
3.3	$m_{pm} = \frac{-3 - 0}{-5 - 1}$ $= \frac{-3}{-6}$ $= \frac{1}{2}$ $y - 0 = \frac{1}{2}(x - 1) \quad \text{or} \quad y + 3 = \frac{1}{2}(x + 5)$ $y = \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{1}{2} \quad \quad \quad y = \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{1}{2}$	✓ substitution/ <i>vervang</i>  ✓ $m = \frac{1}{2}$  ✓ substitution/ <i>vervang</i> (1 ; 0) or/of (-5 ; -3) ✓ equation/ <i>vergelyking</i> (4) (if $c = \frac{-1}{2}$ is determined then give full marks)

3.4	<p>Centre (1 ; 0)</p> $(x-1)^2 + (y-0)^2 = r^2 \quad \text{sub (5;-3) or/of (-3;3)}$ $(5-1)^2 + (-3-0)^2 = r^2 \quad \text{or/of } (-3-1)^2 + (3-0)^2 = r^2$ $16+9 = r^2 \quad 16+9 = r^2$ $r^2 = 25 \quad r^2 = 25$ $(x-1)^2 + (y-0)^2 = 25 \quad (x-1)^2 + (y-0)^2 = 25$	<p>✓ <math>(x-1)^2 + (y-0)^2 = r^2</math>                  ✓                  sub (5;-3) or/of (-3;3)</p> <p>✓ equation/vergeliking (3)</p>
3.5	$MP = \sqrt{(-5-1)^2 + (-3-0)^2}$ $= \sqrt{36+9}$ $= \sqrt{45}$ $= 6,7$ <p>radius &lt; 6,7                  ∴ P lies outside circle</p>	<p>✓ substitution/vervanging</p> <p>✓ answer/antwoord</p> <p>✓ conclusion/gevolgtrekking (3)</p>
3.6	$\frac{x+(-5)}{2} = 1 \quad \frac{y+(-3)}{2} = 0$ $x-5 = 2 \quad y-3 = 0$ $x = 7 \quad y = 3$ <p>S(7 : 3)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; width: fit-content; margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <p>ANSWER ONLY                      FULL MARKS/                      SLEGS                      ANTWOORD                      VOLPUNTE</p> </div>	<p>✓ x value/-waarde                  ✓ y value/-waarde (2)</p>
3.7	$m_{QP} = \frac{-3-3}{-5-(-3)}$ $= 3$ <p>tan θ = 3                  θ = 71,57°</p> <p>QPR = θ = 71,57° corres ∠'s / ooreenkom ∠'e PR // x-axis / as</p>	<p>✓ m=3                  ✓ tan θ = 3                  ✓ value of θ/waarde van θ                  ✓ value of Q<math>\hat{P}</math>R/waarde van Q<math>\hat{P}</math>R (4)</p>
<b>[20]</b>		

QUESTION/VRAAG 4

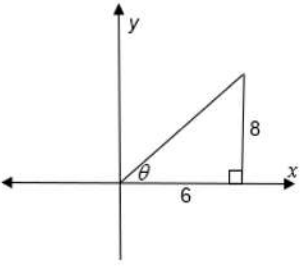


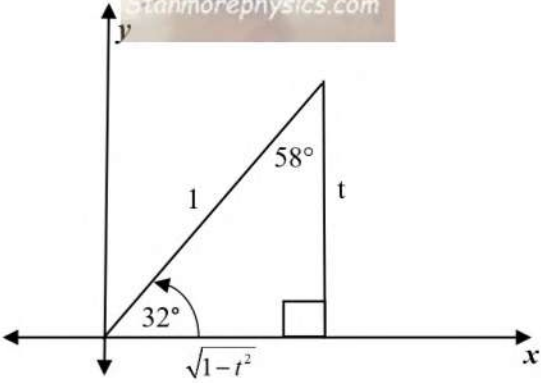
4.1	$CB = 25 \quad CA = 20$ $AB = \sqrt{(25)^2 - (20)^2}$ $= \sqrt{225}$ $= 15$ $\therefore \text{radius} = 15 \text{ units/ eenhede}$	✓ value of CB/waarde van CB ✓ substitution/vervangings ✓ simplification/vereenvoudiging ✓ value of AB/waarde van AB (4)
4.2	$(x + 1)^2 + (y - 1)^2 = 225$	✓ $(x + 1)^2 + (y - 1)^2$ ✓ value/waarde of $r^2$ (2)
4.3	$m = \tan \theta = \frac{20}{15} = \frac{4}{3} \text{ sub } (-1; 26)$ $y - 26 = \frac{4}{3}(x + 1)$ $y = \frac{4}{3}x + 27\frac{1}{3}$	✓ value of $\tan \theta$ /waarde van $\tan \theta$ ✓ sub $m$ and point/vervang $m$ en punt ✓ equation/vergelyking (3) (if $c = 27\frac{1}{3}$ is determined give full marks)
4.4	$m_{\tan} = \frac{4}{3} \quad m_{\text{radius}} = \frac{-3}{4}$ $y - 1 = \frac{-3}{4}(x + 1)$ $y = \frac{-3}{4}x + \frac{1}{4}$	✓ value/waarde $m_{\tan}$ ✓ value/waarde $m_{\text{radius}}$ ✓ substitution/vervangings of/van (-1 ; 1) ✓ equation/vergelyking (4)

<p>4.5</p>	$\frac{4}{3}x + 27\frac{1}{3} = \frac{-3}{4}x + \frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{4}{3}x + \frac{3}{4}x = \frac{1}{4} - 27\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{25}{12}x = -27,08333$ $x = -13$ $y = 10$ <p>A(-13;10)</p>	<p>✓ equating/gelykstel</p> <p>✓ simplification/vereenvoudiging</p> <p>✓ value of x/waarde van x</p> <p>✓ value of y/waarde van y (4)</p> <p style="text-align: right;"><b>[17]</b></p>
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QUESTION/VRAAG 5

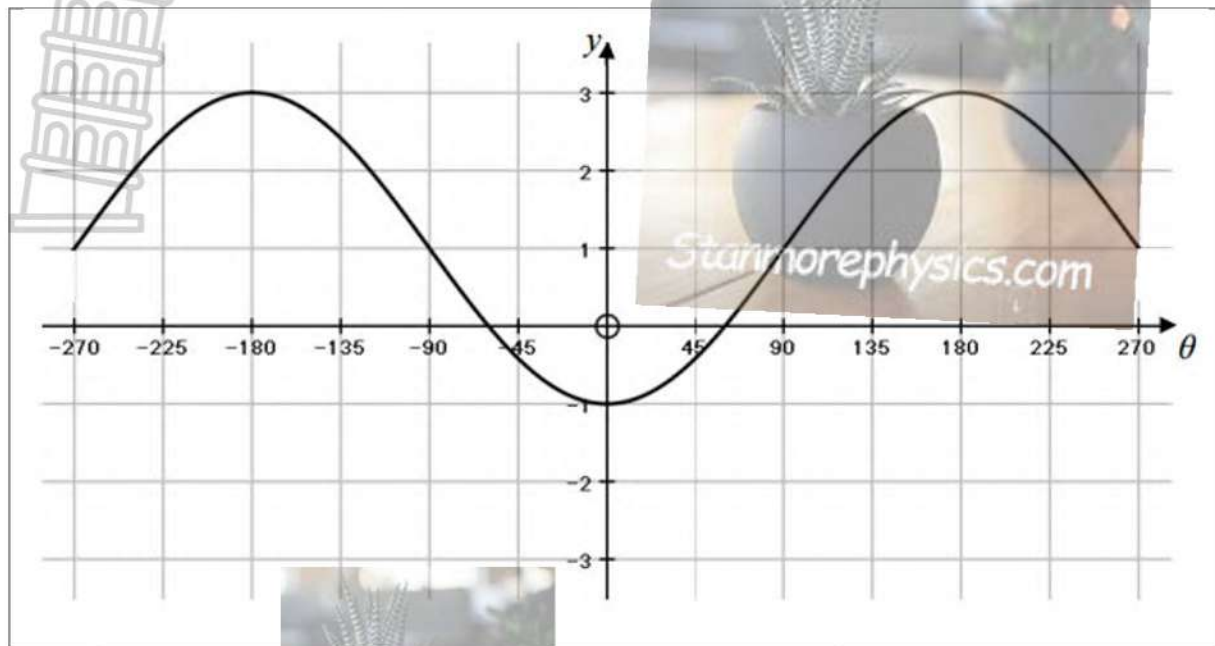
<p>5.1.1</p>	$\tan \theta = \frac{8}{6}$ $r^2 = (8)^2 + (6)^2$ $= 64 + 36$ $= 100$ $r = 10$  $10 \sin(\theta + x)$ $= 10(\sin \theta \cos x + \cos \theta \sin x)$ $= 10\left(\frac{8}{10} \cos x + \frac{6}{10} \sin x\right)$ $= 8 \cos x + 6 \sin x$	<p>✓ <math>r = 10</math></p> <p>✓ expand/uitbrei</p> <p>✓ <math>\sin \theta = \frac{8}{10}</math></p> <p>✓ <math>\cos \theta = \frac{6}{10}</math> (4)</p>
<p>5.1.2</p>	$\sin \theta = \frac{8}{10}$ $\theta = 53,13^\circ$ $10 \sin(53,13^\circ + x) = 9$ $\sin(53,13^\circ + x) = 0,9$ $53,13^\circ + x = 64,16^\circ$ $x = 11,03^\circ$ <p>or/of</p> $53,13^\circ + x = 180^\circ - 64,16^\circ$ $x = 62,71^\circ$	<p>✓ value of/waarde van <math>\theta</math></p> <p>✓ <math>10 \sin(53,13^\circ + x) = 9</math></p> <p>✓ simplification/vereenvoudiging</p> <p>✓ ref angle/verwysings hoe</p> <p>✓ value of /waarde van <math>x</math></p> <p>✓ value of /waarde van <math>x</math> (6)</p>
<p>5.2</p>	$\frac{\cos(90^\circ + x) \cdot \cos(x - 180^\circ) \cdot \tan(360^\circ + x)}{\cos 240^\circ \cdot \tan 225^\circ}$ $= \frac{(-\sin x)(-\cos x)(\tan x)}{-\cos 60^\circ \tan 45^\circ}$ $= \frac{(-\sin x)(-\cos x)\left(\frac{\sin x}{\cos x}\right)}{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)(1)}$ $= -2 \sin^2 x.$	<p>✓ <math>-\sin x</math> (neg must be shown)</p> <p>✓ <math>-\cos x</math> (neg must be shown)</p> <p>✓ <math>\tan x</math></p> <p>✓ <math>\frac{\sin x}{\cos x}</math></p> <p>✓ <math>\frac{1}{2}</math></p> <p>✓ 1</p> <p>✓ answer/antwoord (7)</p>

<p>5.3</p>	$\frac{1 + \cos 2A}{\cos 2A} = \frac{\tan 2A}{\tan A}$ <p>LHS / LK</p> $= \frac{1 + (2 \cos^2 A - 1)}{2 \cos^2 A - 1}$ $= \frac{2 \cos^2 A}{2 \cos^2 A - 1}$ <p>RHS / RK</p> $= \frac{\sin 2A}{\cos 2A} \times \frac{\cos A}{\sin A}$ $= \frac{2 \sin A \cos A \cdot \cos A}{\sin A \cdot 2 \cos^2 A - 1}$ $= \frac{2 \cos^2 A}{2 \cos^2 A - 1}$ <p>LHS = RHS / LK = RK</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ double angle in both numerator / dubbelehoek in teller</li> <li>✓ double angle in denominator / dubbelehoek in noemer</li> <li>✓ simplification / vereenvoudiging</li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ <math>\frac{\sin 2A}{\cos 2A} \times \frac{\cos A}{\sin A}</math></li> <li>✓ double angle in numerator / dubbelehoek in teller</li> <li>✓ double angle in denominator / dubbelehoek in noemer</li> <li>✓ simplification / vereenvoudiging (7)</li> </ul>
<p>5.4</p>	 <p> <math>\cos 2(16^\circ) = 1 - 2 \sin^2 16^\circ</math>  <math>2 \sin^2 16^\circ = 1 - \cos 2(16^\circ)</math>  <math>\sin 16^\circ = \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos 2(16^\circ)}{2}}</math>  <math>\sin 16^\circ = \sqrt{\frac{1 - \sqrt{1 - t^2}}{2}}</math> </p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ <math>\cos 2(16^\circ) = 1 - 2 \sin^2 16^\circ</math></li> <li>✓ <math>\sin 16^\circ = \sqrt{\frac{1 - \cos 2(16^\circ)}{2}}</math></li> <li>✓ <math>\sin 16^\circ = \sqrt{\frac{1 - \sqrt{1 - t^2}}{2}}</math> (3)</li> </ul>

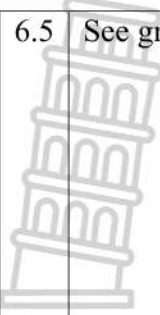
5.5.1	$\begin{aligned} & \cos(x+y) - \cos(x-y) \\ &= (\cos x \cos y - \sin x \sin y) - (\cos x \cos y + \sin x \sin y) \\ &= \cos x \cos y - \sin x \sin y - \cos x \cos y - \sin x \sin y \\ &= -2 \sin x \sin y \end{aligned}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ expansion of both compound angles/uitbreiding van beide saamgestelde hoeke</li> <li>✓ <math>\cos x \cos y - \sin x \sin y</math></li> <li>✓ <math>-\cos x \cos y - \sin x \sin y</math></li> </ul> <p>(3)</p>
5.5.2	$\begin{aligned} & \cos A - \cos B \\ &= \cos\left(\frac{A+B}{2} + \frac{A-B}{2}\right) - \cos\left(\frac{A+B}{2} - \frac{A-B}{2}\right) \\ &= -2 \sin\left(\frac{A+B}{2}\right) \sin\left(\frac{A-B}{2}\right) \end{aligned}$	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ <math>\cos\left(\frac{A+B}{2} + \frac{A-B}{2}\right)</math></li> <li>✓ <math>\cos\left(\frac{A+B}{2} - \frac{A-B}{2}\right)</math></li> </ul> <p>(2)</p>
		<b>[32]</b>



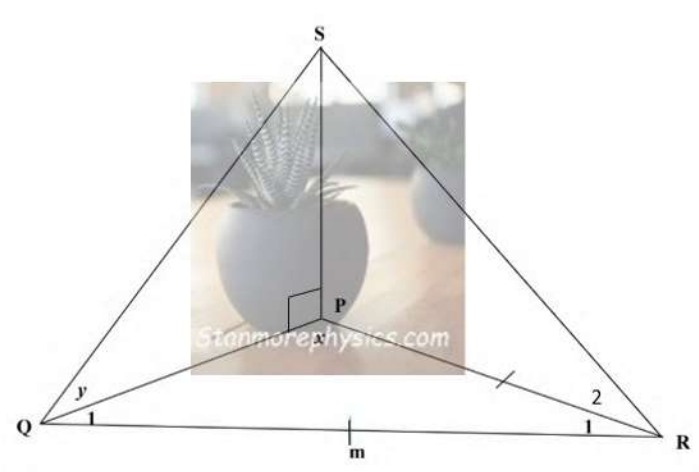
QUESTION/VRAAG 6



6.1	Amplitude/ <i>Amplitude</i> = 2	✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (1)
6.2	Range of <i>f</i> / <i>Waardeversameling van f</i> : $y \in [-1; 3]$ or/of $y \in -1 \leq y \leq 3$	✓ answer/ <i>antwoord</i> (1)
6.3	$p = -2$ and/en $q = 1$	✓ value of <i>p</i> / <i>waarde van p</i> ✓ value of <i>q</i> / <i>waarde van q</i> (2)
6.4		✓ asymptotes/ <i>asimptote</i> ✓ shape/ <i>vorm</i> ✓ all three <i>x</i> -intercepts/ <i>afsnitte</i> (3)

<p>6.5 See graph</p> 	<p>✓✓✓ one mark for each interval/een punt vir elke interval (subtracted one mark if inclusion/exclusion at end points are not indicated)/(minus een punt as ingesluit/uitgesluit van eindpunte nie aangewys is nie). (3) <b>[10]</b></p>
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**QUESTION/VRAAG 7**

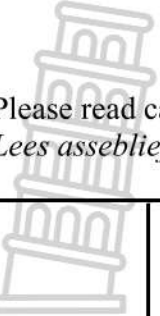
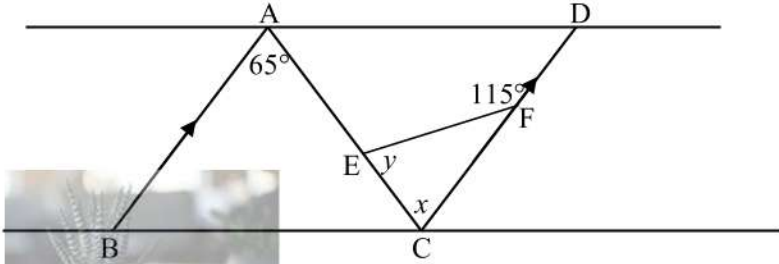
<p>7.1</p>	 <p> <math>R = 180^\circ - 2x</math> interior angles of <math>\Delta</math>  <math>\text{Area } \Delta PQR = \frac{1}{2} QR \cdot PR \cdot \sin R</math>  <math>= \frac{1}{2} m \cdot m \cdot \sin(180^\circ - 2x)</math>  <math>= \frac{1}{2} m^2 \sin 2x</math>  <math>= \frac{1}{2} m^2 2 \sin x \cos x</math>  <math>= m^2 \sin x \cos x</math> </p>	<p>✓ <math>R = 180^\circ - 2x</math></p> <p>✓ substitution/vervanging</p> <p>✓ simplify/vereenvoudig</p> <p>✓ double angle/dubbelhoek</p> <p>✓ simplify/vereenvoudig (5)</p>
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7.2	$PQ = \sqrt{PR^2 + RQ^2 - 2PR \cdot RQ \cos(180^\circ - 2x)}$ $= \sqrt{m^2 + m^2 + 2m \cdot m \cos 2x}$ $= \sqrt{2m^2 (1 + \cos 2x)}$ $= \sqrt{2m^2 (1 + 2\cos^2 x - 1)}$ $= \sqrt{4m^2 \cos^2 x}$ $= 2m \cos x$	<p>✓ substitution/<i>vervanging</i></p> <p>✓ factorise/<i>faktoriseer</i></p> <p>✓ double angle/<i>dubbelhoek</i></p> <p>✓ simplify/<i>vereenvoudig</i></p> <p style="text-align: right;">(4)</p>
7.3	$\tan y = \frac{SP}{PQ}$ $SP = PQ \cdot \tan y$ $= 2m \cos x \tan y$	<p>✓ trig ratio/<i>trig verhouding</i></p> <p>✓ <math>SP = PQ \cdot \tan y</math></p> <p style="text-align: right;">(2)</p>
		<b>[11]</b>

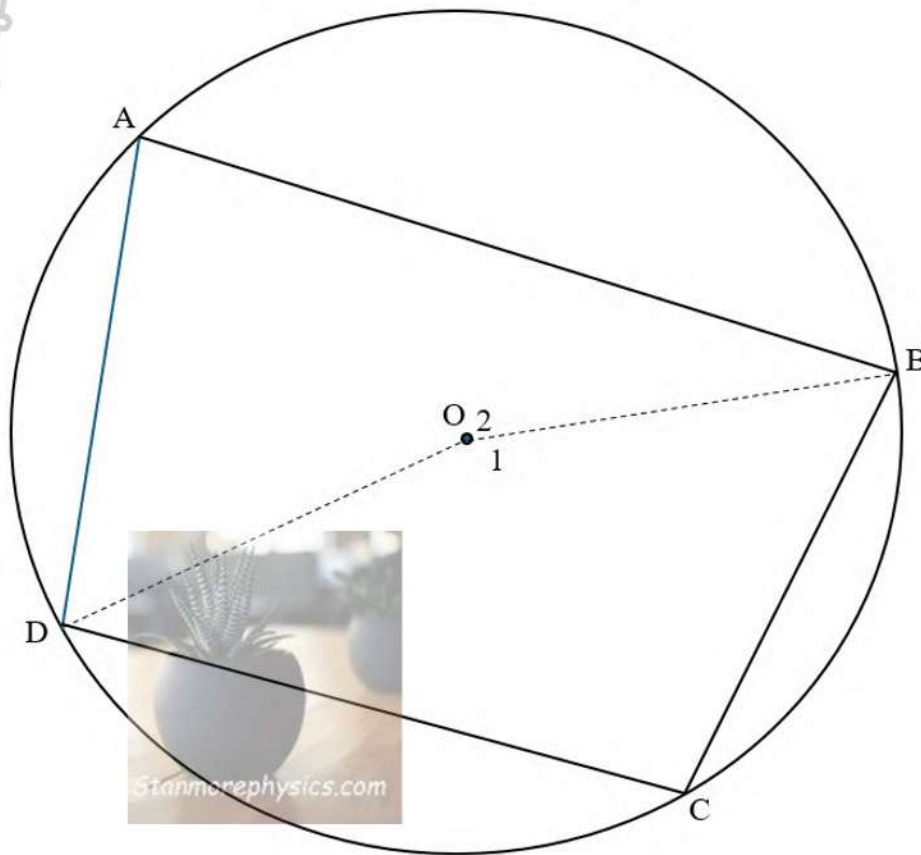


**GEOMETRY/MEETKUNDE**

Please read carefully through the following table before marking **QUESTION 8–10**/  
 Lees asseblief sorgvuldig deur die volgende tabel alvorens **VRAAG 8–10** nagesien word.

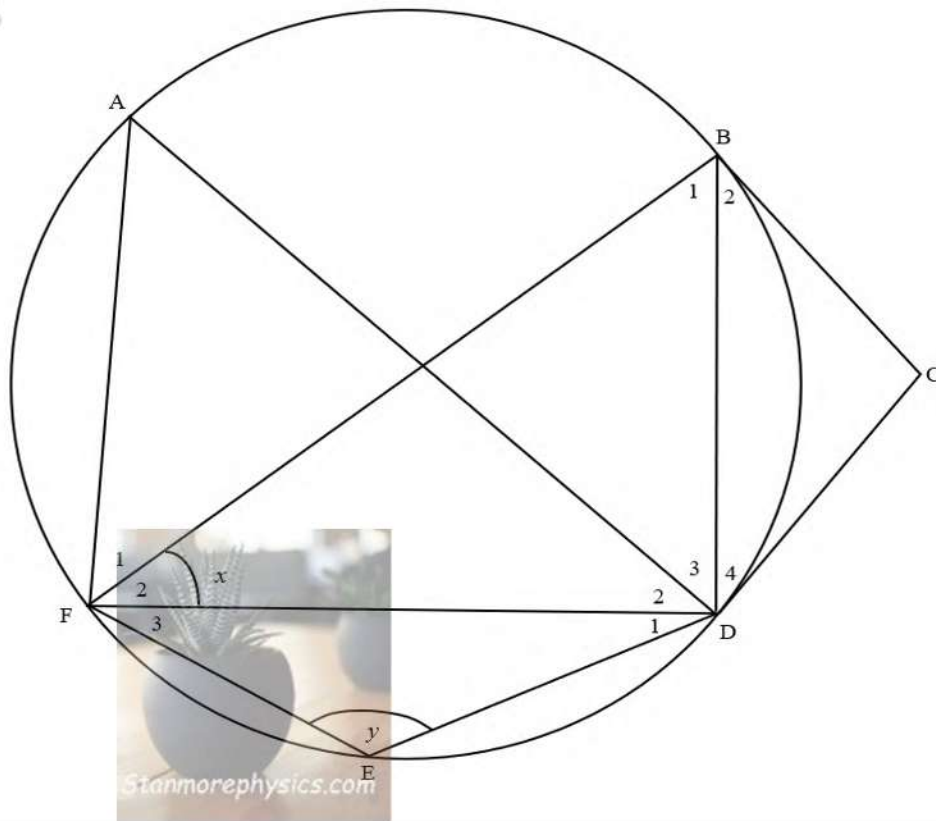
	<p>The order in which the candidate answers a geometry question must follow logically/Die volgorde waarin 'n kandidaat 'n meetkundevraag beantwoord moet logies volg.</p> <p><b>Example/Voorbeeld</b></p> <p>Given/Gegee <math>AB \parallel CD</math> and/en <math>\hat{EFD} = 115^\circ</math></p>  <p>The candidate first needs to calculate <math>x</math> BEFORE he/she can calculate <math>y</math>/Die kandidaat moet eerste vir <math>x</math> bereken <b>VOORDAT</b> hy/sy vir <math>y</math> kan bereken.</p>
<p>S</p>	<p>A mark for a correct statement (A statement mark is independent of a reason) 'n Punt vir 'n korrekte bewering ( 'n Punt vir 'n bewering is onafhanklik van die rede)</p>
<p>R</p>	<p>A mark for the correct reason (A reason mark may only be awarded if the statement is correct) 'n Punt vir 'n korrekte rede ( 'n Punt word slegs vir die rede toegeken as die bewering korrek is)</p>
<p>S/R</p>	<p>Award a mark if the statement AND reason are both correct (Both <b>MUST</b> be correct to get one mark) Ken 'n punt toe as die bewering <b>EN</b> rede beide korrek is (Beide <b>MOET</b> korrek wees om een punt te kry)</p>

QUESTION/VRAAG 8



8.1	<p>Construction/Konstruksie: Join DO and BO /Verbind DO en BO.</p> <p><math>O_1 = 2A</math>      angle at centre 2x angle at circum/ middelpunts hoek 2x omtreks <math>\angle</math></p> <p><math>O_2 = 2C</math>      angle at centre 2x angle at circum/ middelpunts hoek 2x omtreks <math>\angle</math></p> <p><math>O_1 + O_2 = 360^\circ</math>    angle around a point/ hoeke om 'n punt</p> <p><math>2A + 2C = 360^\circ</math></p> <p><math>A + C = 180^\circ</math></p>	<p>✓ constr./ konstr.</p> <p>✓ S/R</p> <p>✓ S/R</p> <p>✓ S/R</p> <p>✓ S</p> <p>✓ S</p> <p>(6)</p>
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8.2



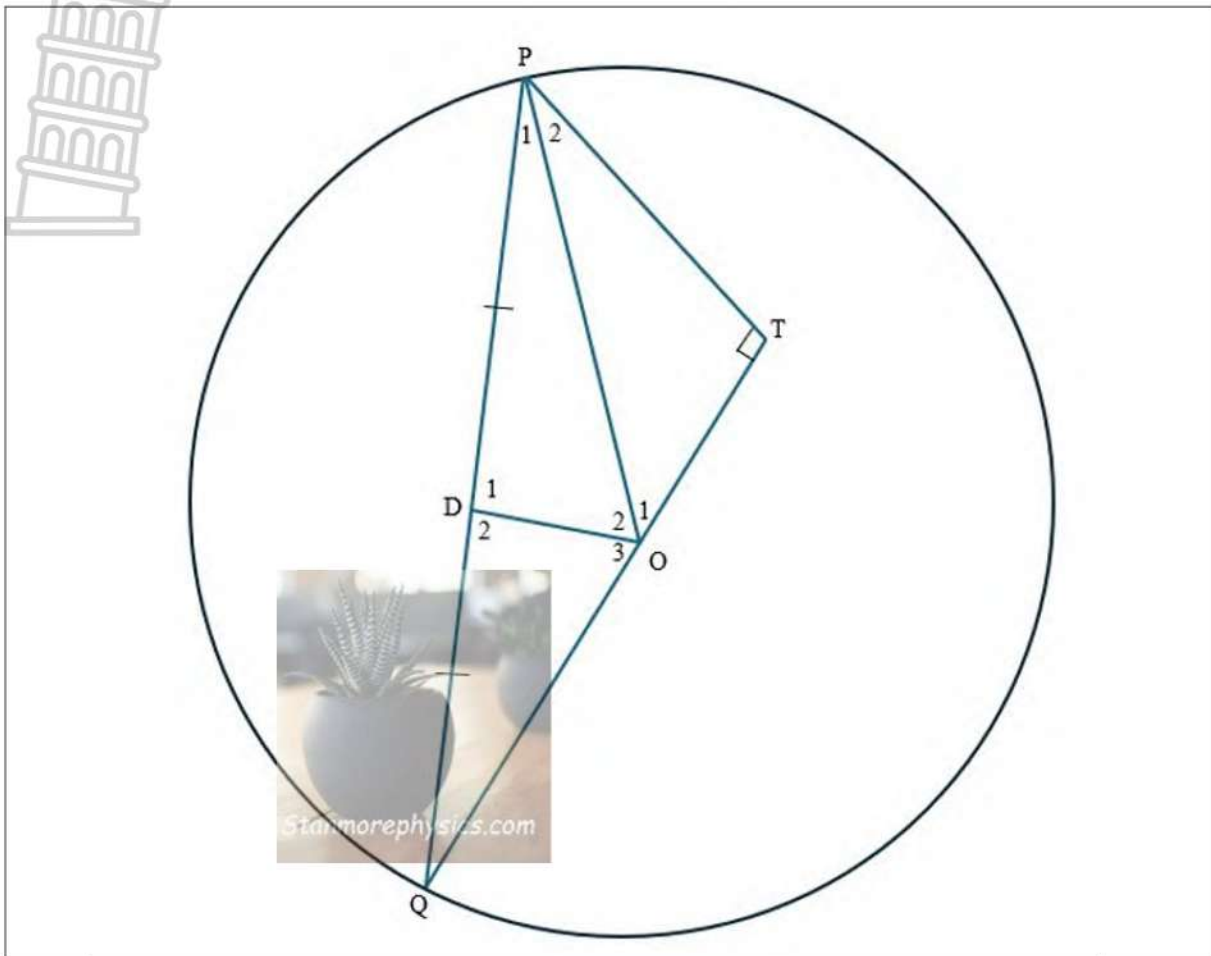
8.2.1	$\widehat{B}_2 = \widehat{BFD} = x$ tan chord theorem/raaklynkoordstelling	✓S ✓R (2)
8.2.2	$\widehat{D}_4 = \widehat{B}_2 = x$ angles opposite equal sides/hoeke teenoor gelyke sye <b>OR/OF</b> $\widehat{D}_4 = \widehat{BFD} = x$ tan chord theorem/tan-koordstelling	✓S ✓R (2)
8.2.3	$\widehat{C} = 180^\circ - 2x$ sum of interior angles of $\Delta$ /som van binne hoeke van $\Delta$	✓S ✓R (2)
8.2.4	$\widehat{A} = 180^\circ - y$ opposite angles of cyclic quadrilateral/teenoorst $\angle$ 'e van koordevierhoek	✓S ✓R (2)
8.2.5	$\widehat{B}_1 = \widehat{BFD} = x$ FD subtends equal angles/FD onderspan gelyke hoeke	✓S ✓R (2)
		<b>[16]</b>



9.3	AS = SL and AL = LB    radii/radii $\therefore \frac{SL}{LB} = \frac{1}{4}$	✓S/R ✓ answer/antwoord (2)
9.4	LB = 15 units    radius/radius $\frac{9}{16} = \frac{LM}{15}$ prop theorem lines // ; eweredigheidstelling lyne // LM = 8,44 units	✓S ✓S/R ✓ answer/antwoord (3)
		<b>[12]</b>



QUESTION/VRAAG 10



10.1	<p><math>DQ = DP</math> given/ gegee  <math>OD \perp PQ</math> line through centre to mid point of chord/  <i>lyn deur middelpunt van sirkel tot middelpunt van koord</i></p> <p><math>\hat{D}_1 + \hat{T} = 180^\circ</math>                  DOTP is a cyclic quad/<i>koordevierhoek</i>                  opposite angles are supplementary/<i>teenoorgestelde hoeke is supplementêr</i></p> <p><math>\hat{O}_3 = \hat{QPT}</math> exterior angle of cyclic quad/<i>buitehoek van koordevierhoek</i></p>	<p>✓S/R</p> <p>✓S</p> <p>✓S/R</p> <p>✓S ✓R (5)</p>
10.2	<p>In <math>\triangle OPD</math> and <math>\triangle PQT</math></p> <p><math>\hat{D}_1 = \hat{T} = 90^\circ</math> Proved in (9.1)/<i>bewys in (9.1)</i></p> <p><math>OP = OQ</math> radii/<i>radii</i></p> <p><math>\hat{P}_1 = \hat{Q}</math> angles opposite equal sides/<i>hoeke teenoor gelyke sye</i></p> <p><math>O_2 = \hat{QPT}</math> sum of int. <math>\angle</math>'s of <math>\triangle</math> / <i>som van binne hoeke van <math>\triangle</math></i></p> <p><math>\triangle OPD \equiv \triangle PQT</math> [ZZZ]</p>	<p>✓S/R</p> <p>✓S/R</p> <p>✓S/R</p> <p>✓R (4)</p>

10.3	$\frac{OP}{PQ} = \frac{PD}{QT} = \frac{OD}{PT}$	$\Delta OPD \sim \Delta PQT$	✓ S
	$OP \cdot QT = PQ \cdot PD$		✓ S
	$PD = DQ$ (proved) / (bewys)		✓ S
	$PQ = 2PD$		✓ S
	$OQ \cdot QT = 2PD \cdot PD$		✓ S
	$= 2PD^2$		(6)
			<b>[15]</b>

**TOTAL/TOTAAL: 150**

