

Johannesburg North District

D(10)

GRADE 11 MATHEMATICS P2 JUNE EXAM 2025

Marks: 100

Duration: 2 hours

Surname & Name:

Date:

12 June 2025

Educator:

Class:

Question	Content	Marks	Moderation			
			School	District	Provincial	Other
1	ANALYTICAL	24				
2	TRIGONOMETRY	29				
3	EUCLID GEO	17				
4	EUCLID GEO	17				
5	EUCLID GEO	13				
TOTAL		100				
DATE						
SIGNATURE						

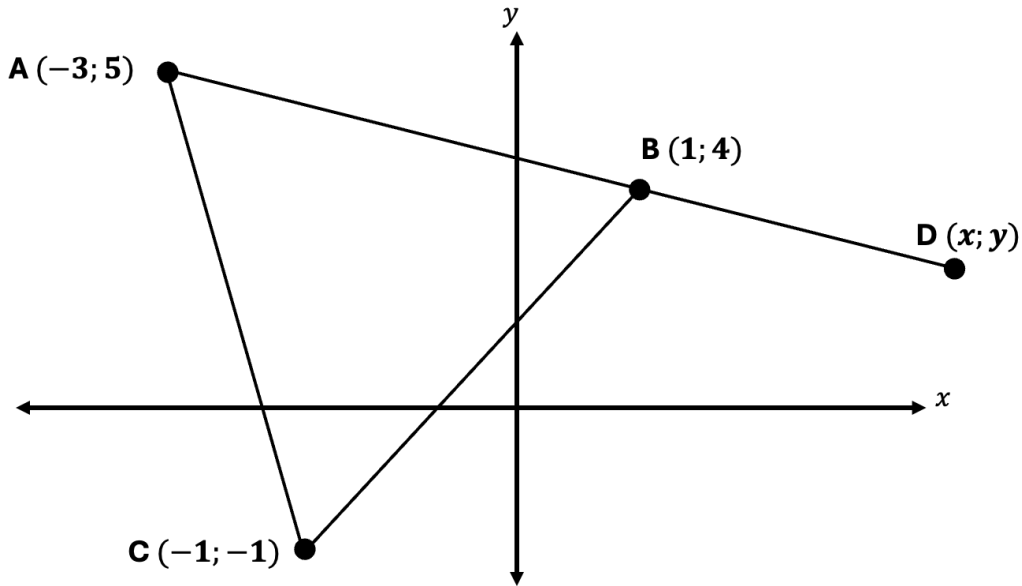
INSTRUCTIONS AND INFORMATION

Read the following instructions carefully before answering the questions.

1. This question paper consists of **FIVE** questions. Answer **ALL** the questions on this question paper.
2. Clearly show **ALL** calculations, diagrams, graphs, et cetera that you have used in determining your answer.
3. You may use an approved scientific calculator (non-programmable and non-graphical), unless stated otherwise.
4. Answers only will not necessarily be awarded full marks.
5. If necessary, round-off answers to **TWO** decimal places, unless stated otherwise.
6. Diagrams are **NOT** necessarily drawn to scale.
7. An information sheet with formulae is included at the end of the question paper.
8. Write neatly and legibly.

Question 1

In the diagram below, triangle ABC has vertices $A(-3; 5)$, $B(1; 4)$ and $C(-1; -1)$. AB is extended to $D(x; y)$.



1.1 Determine the gradients of AB and BC. (4)

1.2 Are Lines AB and BC perpendicular to each other?
Explain by making necessary calculations. (2)

1.3 Determine the coordinates of D if B is the midpoint of AD.

(2)

1.4 Determine the coordinates of K such that ABKC is a parallelogram.

(2)

1.5 Find the length of the median, BM, of $\triangle ABC$, where M is the midpoint of AC.

(4)

Question 2

2.1 If $13\sin\theta - 5 = 0$ and $\cos\theta < 0$, find the value of $24\tan\theta + 26\cos\theta$ with the aid of a sketch. (4)

Draw your sketch here.	Do your calculations here.
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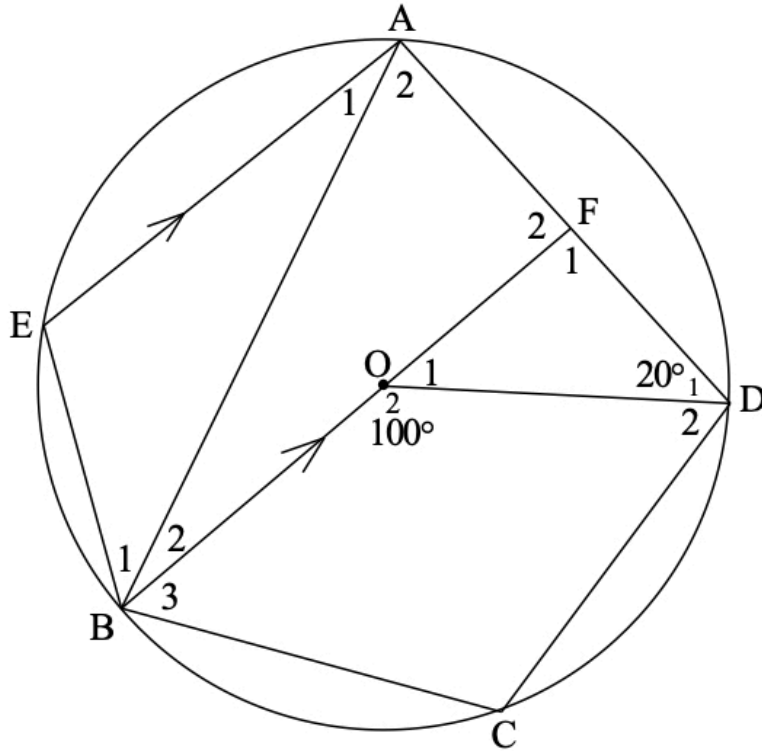
2.2 If $\tan 72^\circ = k$, find each of the following in terms of k :

2.2.1 $\tan 252^\circ$ (2)

2.2.2 $\cos(-72^\circ)$ (2)

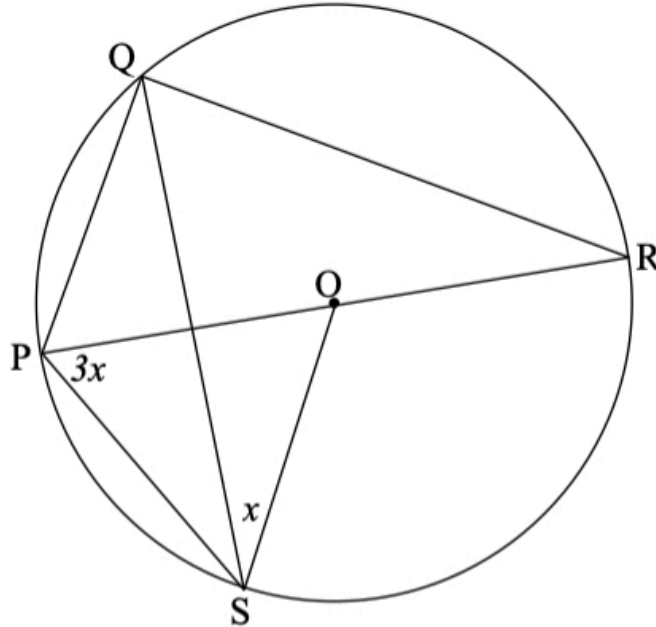
Question 3

3.1 In the diagram below, O is the centre of circle AEBCD, with line BOF \parallel EA. F lies on AD, $\hat{BOD} = 100^\circ$ and $\hat{D}_1 = 20^\circ$. The sizes of some of the angles are given in the table below. In each case, supply a valid reason. (5)



	STATEMENT	REASONS
3.1.1	$\hat{A}_2 = 50^\circ$	
3.1.2	$\hat{O}_1 = 80^\circ$	
3.1.3	$\hat{F}_1 = 80^\circ$	
3.1.4	$\hat{A}_1 = 30^\circ$	
3.1.5	$\hat{B}_2 = 30^\circ$	

3.2 P, Q and R are points on the circumference of the circle with centre O. PR is the diameter of the circle. $\widehat{QSO} = x$ and $\widehat{OPS} = 3x$.



Express each of the following in terms of x , giving reasons for your answer:

3.2.1 \widehat{SQR} (2)

STATEMENT	REASONS

3.2.2 \widehat{PQS} (3)

STATEMENT	REASONS

3.2.3 $P\hat{S}Q$

(3)

STATEMENT	REASONS

3.2.4 $P\hat{R}Q$

(2)

STATEMENT	REASONS

3.2.5 $Q\hat{P}R$

(2)

STATEMENT	REASONS

[17 Marks]

P.T.O

Question 4

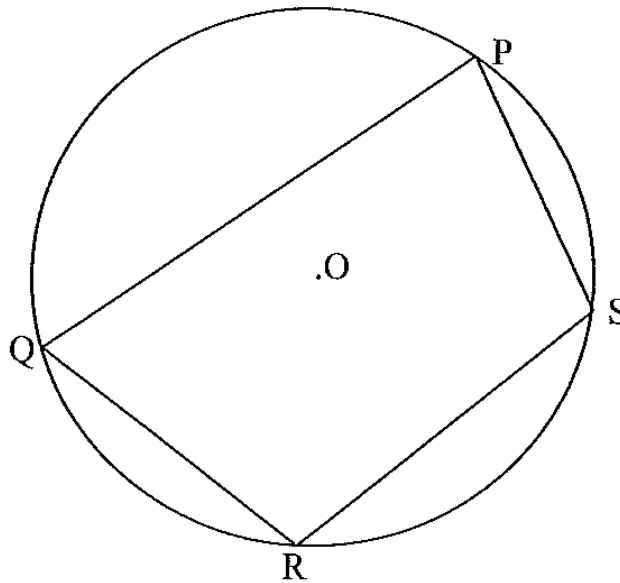
4.1 Complete the statements below by filling in the missing word(s) to make the statements correct .

4.1.1 A diameter subtends a _____ (1)

4.1.2 The exterior angle of cyclic quadrilateral is equal to _____ (1)

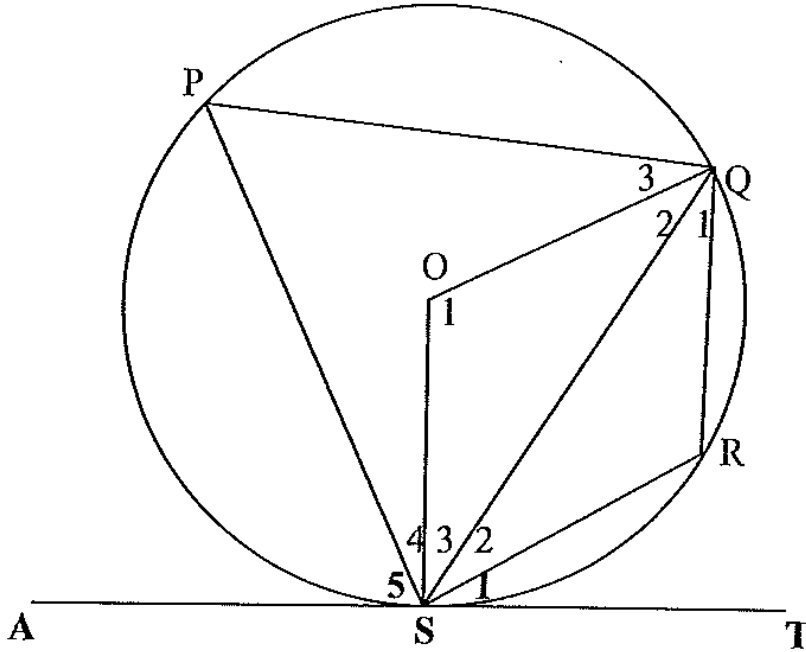
4.2 In the diagram below O is the centre of the circle . PQRS is cyclic quadrilateral.

Prove the theorem which states that $\hat{P} + \hat{R} = 180^\circ$ (5)



STATEMENT	REASONS

- 4.3 In the diagram below, AST is a tangent to a circle with centre O at S .
 $R\hat{S}Q = \hat{S}_1 = 23^\circ$ and $QR = RS$.



Calculate the following angles, giving reasons to statements:

- 4.3.1 $Q\hat{S}R$ (4)

STATEMENT	REASONS

- 4.3.2 \hat{R} (2)

STATEMENT	REASONS

4.3.3 \hat{P}

(2)

STATEMENT	REASONS

4.3.4 \hat{O}_1

(2)

STATEMENT	REASONS

[17 Marks]

Question 5

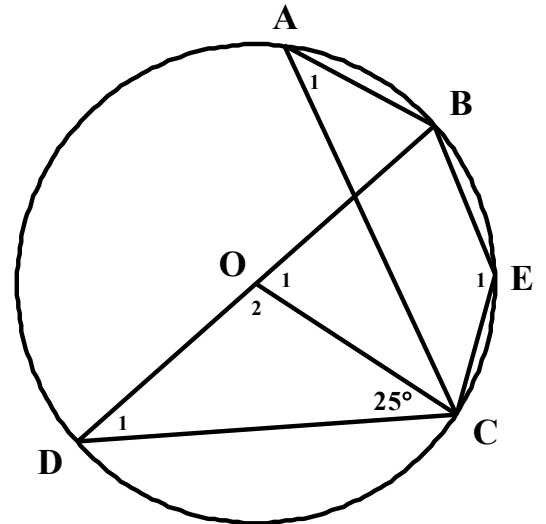
5.1 In the diagram alongside O is the centre of the circle which passes through A, B, E, C and D.

$$\widehat{DCO} = 25^\circ$$

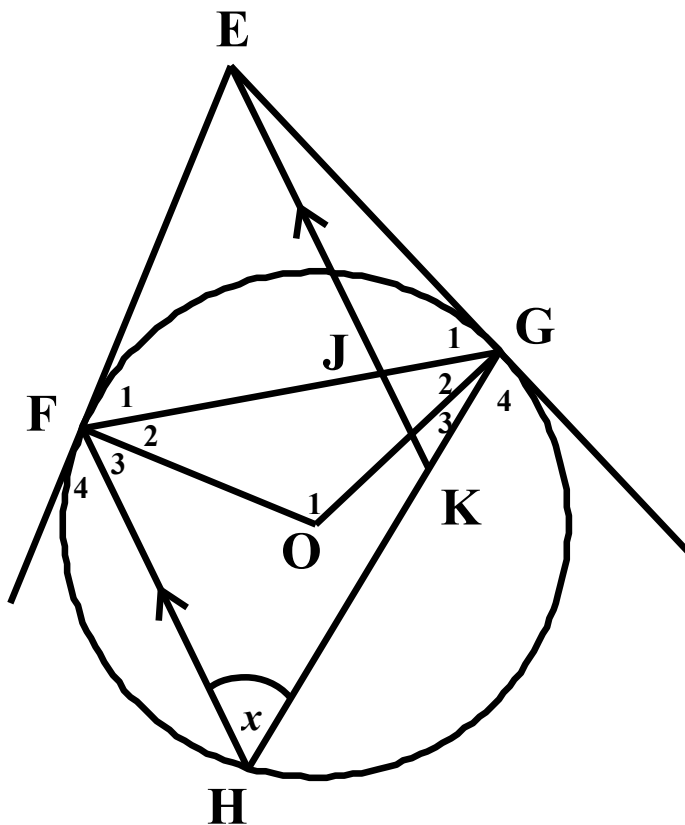
With reasons find the Size of \widehat{E}_1

(3)

STATEMENT	REASONS



5.2 In the diagram, EF and EG are tangents to circle with centre O. FH // EK, EK intersects FG at J and meets GH at K. $\widehat{H} = x^\circ$



Prove the following:

5.2.1 FOGE is a cyclic Quadrilateral

(3)

STATEMENT	REASONS

5.2.2 EG is a tangent to the circle passing through G, J and K

(4)

STATEMENT	REASONS

5.2.3 $\hat{FEG} = 180^\circ - 2x$

(3)

STATEMENT	REASONS

TOTAL=100 marks

[13 Marks]

P.T.O